## COLOR-Coding Communication Displays

Color-coding black and white line drawings (e.g., Mayer gofnson picture communication symbols) allows the user and facilitator to locate symbols more easily. If color-coding is organized according to grammatical categories, the user has an added feature to assist in le arning how to sequence symbols, and in turn, to support the development of sentence-building or syntax skills. Because shape is a salient clue, color-code the background, not the figure, so that the shape of the symbol will be more visible to the student.

Any color-coding system is acceptable, 6ut keep color codes consistent across displays. Tips: - If hand coloring, use transparent-read-through light shades of highlighters to provide good contrast between the background and the symbol.

- For paper displays, always make a copy of the symboldisplay before coloring it.
- If using older versions of BoardMaker, you may need to purchase the 'nontransparent' symbolset, so the background won't 'spill'into the symbol.

Arranging Color-Coded Symbols: Symbols are easier to locate if they are grouped in 6 locks of colors or grammatical categories. For example, a display should be organized as follows from the left side of the overlay to the right side:

| MISCELLANEOUS | $\mathcal{V E R B S}$ | DESCRIPIORS | PREPOSITIONS | $\mathcal{N O}$ UNS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | like | green | for | trees. |

Two widely used systems are the Mayer-Iofinson color-coding system, and the Goossens; Crain, and Elder system. We are recommending the Goossens', et al system, because of the wide range of clinical materials available using that system.

Goossens', Crain, \& Elder Color-Coding System:

| $V$ ERBS wor | words which tells action | $\bigcirc$ PES $\mathcal{C O M E}$ | (Pink) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DESCRIPIORS adje | adjectives and adverbs | PRETTY, S LOW | (Blue) |
| PREPOSITIONS posit | position words | $I \mathcal{N} O \mathcal{F F}$ | (Green) |
| Norive persor | person, place or thing | $\mathcal{C A R}$ STRING, MARV | (Yellow) |
| MIS CELLANXEO US |  |  | (Orange) |
| $\mathcal{W} \mathcal{H}$ - words | questions | $\mathcal{W H O}, \mathcal{W} \mathcal{H A T}, \mathcal{H O} \mathcal{W}$ |  |
| Exclamations | interjections, etc | $\mathcal{U H} O \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{W} O \mathcal{W}$ |  |
| Negative Words | rds negations | $\mathcal{N O}, \mathcal{D O} \mathcal{N} T$ |  |
| Pronouns | personal, possessive | I, yO U |  |

See : Goossens', C., Crain, S., \& Elder, P. (1992). Engineering the Classroom Environment for Interactive Symbolic Communication. Southeast Aug Comm Conference Publications, 2430 11th Avenue, N, Birmingham, AL 35234.

## Sample Color Coded Display

Print on leged paper in lanacape mode.
Cooking Display - adaptedstories.com


This color coded communication display shows severalfeatures:

- the background of each symbol is colored, allowing the shape of each symbol to 'pop'
- symbols are grouped according to part of speech
- a white background is used for words, so that the text is allowed to 'pop'


## COLOR-Coding Communication Cards

(photocopy, cut apart, laminate, and share with teachers, parents, and therapists!)

## Goossens', Crain, \& Eder COLO -Coding System:



## Goossens', Crain, \& Eder COLO -Coding System:

| $\mathcal{V}$ ERBS | words which tells action | $\bigcirc$ PEN $\operatorname{COME}$ | (Pink) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathcal{D E S}$ CRIPI ORS | adjectives and adverbs | PRETTY, S LOW | (Blue) |
| PREPOSITIONS | position words | $I \mathcal{N}, \bigcirc \mathcal{F F}$ | (Green) |
| NO UNS | person, place or thing | $\mathcal{C A R} \mathcal{H A T}, \mathfrak{M A R V}$ | (9ellow) |
| MIS CALLANEO US |  |  | (Orange) |
| $\mathcal{W}$ H-words | questions | $\mathcal{W H O}, \mathcal{W}$ | $\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{H O W}$ |
| Exclamatio | interjections, etc | $\mathfrak{U H} O \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{W}$ |  |
| $\mathcal{N}$ egative ${ }^{\text {L }}$ | rds negations | $\mathcal{N} O, \mathcal{D O ~} \mathcal{N} T$ |  |
| Pronouns | personal, possess | I, yO |  |

## Goossens', Crain, \& Eder COLO -Coding System:

| $\mathcal{V}$ ERBS | words which tells action | $\bigcirc$ OEN $\operatorname{COME}$ | (PinK) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DES CRIPIORS | adjectives and adverbs | PRETTY, S LOW | (Blue) |
| PREPOSITIONS | position words | $I \mathcal{N}, O \mathcal{F F}$ | Green) |
| NOUNS | person, place or thing | $\mathcal{C A R} \mathcal{H A T}, \mathfrak{M A R V}$ | (Yellow) |
| MIS CALLANEEOUS |  |  | (Orange) |
| $\mathcal{W} \mathcal{H}$ - words | questions | $\mathcal{W H O}, \mathcal{W} \mathcal{H}$ | $\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{H O W}$ |
| Exclamatio | interjections, etc | UH $O \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{W}$ |  |
| Negative | rds negations | $\mathcal{N} O, \mathcal{D O ~ N}$ |  |
| Pronouns | personal, possessi | I, yO |  |

